Problem 1 (answer on page 1 of the booklet)

Find the domain and the range of the function $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt[2]{-2[(x-1)^2 + y^2 + (z-3)^2 - 4]}$ determine if the domain of *f* is an open region, a closed region or neither? Also, determine if the domain is bounded or unbounded. Also, describe the level curves of *f*. (10 *pts*)

Problem 2 (answer on page 2 of the booklet)

Consider the function $f(x, y, z) = x^3 z + x^2 y^2 + \sin(yz)$

- (i) Find the tangent plane and normal line to the surface f(x, y, z) = -3 at the point (-1,0,3). (10 *pts*)
- (ii) Suppose that the equation $f(x, y, z) xy = \ln(zy)$ defines z implicitly as a function of (x,y). Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ at the point $(2, \pi, \pi)$ (4 *pts*)

Problem 3 (answer on page 3 of the booklet)

Find all local maxima, local minima and saddle points for $f(x, y) = 2x^3 - 3y^3 + 6xy^2 - 150x.(10 \text{ pts})$ **Problem 4** (answer on page 4 of the booklet)

For each of the following limits, say if it exists or no, justifying your answer. (5 pts each)

a)
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \cos(\frac{x^6y^5}{x^{10}+y^2})$$
 b) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^6y^2}{x^{10}+y^5}$ c) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{xy(e^x-1)}{y-x}$ d) $\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2y^2}{x^4+y^2}$

Problem 5 (answer on page 5 of the booklet)

Is
$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} x \sin \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2} & (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0 & (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$$
 continuous at (0,0) ? (5 *pts*)

Problem 6 (*answer on page* 6 and the last page *of the booklet*)

Suppose that the derivative of a function f(x, y, z) at the point (2,-3,1) decreases most rapidly in the direction of A = 3i - 2j + k, and that in this direction the value of the derivative is $-2\sqrt{14}$. Also suppose that f(3,1,0) = 7, f(5,-2,4) = 20, $\nabla f(3,1,0) = 3i - j$ and $\nabla f(5,2,-4) = 4i - 3j + k$.

$$f(2, -3, 1) = 4.$$

Let

$$x = 3r - s$$
, $y = r - 4s$, $z = r^2 s$ and $w = f(x, y, z)$

- (i) Find the derivative of f at the point (3,1,0) in the direction of $i + j + \sqrt{2}k$. (5 *pts*)
- (ii) Is there a unit vector u such that $D_u f(3,1,0) = \sqrt{10}$? (3 *pts*)
- (iii) Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ and $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ at (r, s) = (1, 0). (7 *pts*)
- (iv) Find the directions of zero change in *w* at the point (r,s) = (1,0) (4 pts)
- (v) Find a line normal to the surface w(r, s) = 4 in the rs plane. (8 *pts*)
- (vi) Find a plane tangent to the surface w(r, s) = 7(r s) in the rs plane. (7 *pts*)
- (vii) Find the normal line to the surface $w(r, s) = 7 \frac{1}{t}$ in the *rst space*. (7 *pts*)